



SRI CHAITANYA IAS ACADEMY

QUESTION PAPER

Name of the Student :

Adm No. :

Date : 28-07-19

Subject : G. S. Paper - VI

Medium : Telugu/English

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 250 M

INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)

- ☐ There are twenty questions printed in English.
- ☐ All questions are compulsory.
- ☐ The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.
- ☐ Answers must be written in the medium authorised in the admission certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorised one.
- ☐ Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to.
- ☐ Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) booklet must be clearly struck off.

Total Marks Obtained:

Remarks :

Signature of Examiner

Answer questions in NOT MORE than the word limit specified for each in the parenthesis. Content of the answer is more important than its length:-

1. Why are most of the world's deserts located on the Western margins of continents in the subtropics? [150 Words, 10M]
2. What do you understand by 'Pacific Ring of Fire'? Examine the reasons for Volcanism and Earthquakes in the Pacific Ring of Fire? [150 Words, 10 M]
3. Explain the various landforms created by highland glaciation? [150 Words, 10M]
4. What is urban heat island? What are its effects on urban physical and cultural landscape? Suggest suitable strategies to reduce the incidence of urban heat island. [150 Words, 10M]
5. 'Social audit is a participatory tool to strengthen democratic governance, transparency and accountability'. In the light of the above statement, list out the major hurdles in institutionalising social audit in India. [150 Words, 10M]
6. 'Citizen's Charter is playing a prominent part in ensuring 'minimum government & maximum governance'. Comment [250 Words, 15M]
7. 'Earth's interiors are better understood by indirect sources rather than by direct sources'. Explain [250 Words, 15M]
8. 'In the hilly areas of the Northeast, characteristics of fog are completely different from what they are in the plains of East India'.

In this context, explain fog formation in different regions of India?
[250 Words, 15M]

9. Bring out the ecological services rendered by mangrove forests. Briefly delineate the distribution of mangroves in India.
[250 Words, 15M]

10. Ocean currents and planetary winds are the engines of latitudinal heat balance on the planet. Substantiate. [250 Words, 15M]

11. 'We are exploring Mars, we are exploring the moon, why don't we explore our own oceans'? Explain the above statement in the context of Polymetallic nodules (PMN), also known as manganese nodules.
[150 Words, 10 M]

12. Why have thousands of islands been formed in the Indonesian and Philippine archipelagos? [150 Words, 10 M]

13. Winter rainfall is often a critical determinant of crop production in India. Where do such rains occur and what are the causes?
[150 Words, 10M]

14. 'The increasing burden of Non Communicable Diseases has far reaching economic and social costs, apart from public health implications'. Critically examine. [150 Words, 10M]

15. Of late coastal areas have become destinations for manufacturing and trade. Explain the reasons, giving suitable examples wherever necessary. [150 Words, 10M]

16. "Coral reefs are the marine counterparts of tropical rainforests". In this context, analyse the importance of coral reefs. Make a note on distribution of different types of coral reefs in India.
[250 Words, 15M]
17. Enumerate the various types of minerals used in nuclear energy generation. Bring out the distribution of such resources across the world. [250 Words, 15M]
18. With the help of a rough sketch, locate the distribution of paper and pulp industry in India. Bring out the factors influencing such distribution. [250 Words, 15M]
19. What are the various schemes and programmes launched by the Union Government for the welfare of the minority communities in India? [250 Words, 15M]
20. 'Higher Education in India needs systemic reforms to meet the stated objectives of equity, quality and access'. In the light of the above statement, critically evaluate the proposals and initiatives to reform the higher education sector in India. [250 Words, 15M]

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