



## COMPONENT WISE COMPREHENSIVE PRACTICE PAPER

### HISTORY

*Time Allowed : Two Hours*

*Maximum. Marks: 200*

#### INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET **DOES NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C** OR **D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provide alongside.

**DO NOT** write *anything else* on the Test Booklet.

4. This Test Booklet contains **100** items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answer). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your response **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
6. All items carry equal marks.
7. After You have completed filling in all your response on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator **only the Answer Sheet**. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
8. Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

#### 9. Penalty for Wrong answers:

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank. i.e, no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for the question.

1. Consider the following statements:
- 1) The Cripps Mission recommended the creation of two Dominion States along communal lines
- 2) The Cabinet Mission Plan rejected the claim for a separate Constituent Assembly and a separate state for the Muslims.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
2. Chhau dance is performed in which of the following states?
- 1) Assam                                        2) Odisha  
3) Jharkhand                                    4) West Bengal
- Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
- a) 1, 2 and 3                                    b) 2, 3 and 4  
c) 1, 2 and 4                                    d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
3. Which of the following is believed to be a compilation of the psalms sung by women?
- a) Sumangalavilasini    b) Therigatha  
c) Stridharmapaddhati    d) Ritusamhara
4. Consider the following statements regarding Barabar Caves:
- 1) The Barabar caves are the oldest surviving rock-cut caves in India.
- 2) These rock-cut chambers were built during the reign of Ashoka.
- 3) The caves were dedicated to Buddhists.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?
- a) 1 and 2                                        b) 3 only  
c) 2 and 3                                        d) 1, 2 and 3
5. Consider the following statements about the Rig Vedic Period:
- 1) Agriculture was the predominant economic activity.
- 2) Rituals related to agriculture had also been described in Satpath Brahmana
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 only                                        b) 2 only  
c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
6. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:
- |                            | List I   |          |          |          | List II        |          |          |          |   |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|---|
| A) Bead Making Factory     |          |          |          |          | 1) Kalibangon  |          |          |          |   |
| B) Pasupathi Mahadeva Seal |          |          |          |          | 2) Mohanjodaro |          |          |          |   |
| C) Copper Chariot          |          |          |          |          | 3) Chanhudaro  |          |          |          |   |
| D) Furrow Marks            |          |          |          |          | 4) Daimabad    |          |          |          |   |
|                            | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b>       | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |   |
| a)                         | 3        | 2        | 4        | 1        | b)             | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1 |
| b)                         | 3        | 2        | 1        | 4        | d)             | 1        | 3        | 4        | 2 |
7. Consider the following statements:
- 1) Like the Dravida temple, the Nagara temple is also enclosed within a compound wall.
- 2) The Nagara style of multiple shikharas rising together as a cluster was not popular in Dravida style.
- 3) The shore temple of Mahablipuram was built during the reign of Rajasimha.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 and 3                                        b) 2 and 3  
c) 1, 2 and 3                                    d) 1 and 2
8. Consider the following statements:
- 1) In Ancient India, Niyoga was the practice of allowing a widow to cohabit with her husband's younger brother till the birth of a male child.
- 2) In Ancient India, the name of Varahamihira was associated with Mathematics.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?
- a) 1 only                                        b) 2 only  
c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
9. Consider the following statements:
- 1) The earliest epigraphic evidence for the existence of the Bhagavatha cult is found in Garuda Pillar of Besnagar.
- 2) The Inscription was in Brahmic script, erected by Heliodoros.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 only                                        b) 2 only  
c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
10. Which one among the following statement(s) about the coins of the Gupta rulers is correct?
- a) The obverse generally had the king's portrait and the reverse had a date.

- b) The obverse generally had the king and the queen's portrait and the reverse had an image of a deity or a motif.
- c) The obverse generally had the image of a deity and the reverse had a date.
- d) The obverse generally had the king's portrait and the reverse had the queen's portrait.
11. Which of the following characteristic(s) describes the nature of religion according to Rigveda?
- 1) Vedic scarifies were of two kinds-those conducted by the householder and those that required ritual specialists.
  - 2) Rig Vedic religion can be described as naturalistic polytheism
  - 3) There are striking similarities between the Rig Vedic religion and the ideas of the Iranian Avesta.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 and 2                      b) 2 and 3  
c) 1, 2 and 3                d) 1 only
12. Which of the following are true of Jainism?
- 1) It has affinity with the Vedanta system of philosophy.
  - 2) It has affinity with the Sankhya system of philosophy.
  - 3) It completely rejected the concept of the soul.
  - 4) According to it, the world consists of two eternal categories, viz. conscious (jiva) and unconscious (ajiva).
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- a) 1 and 3                      b) 2 and 3  
c) 3 and 4                      d) 2 and 4
13. The Cuban Missile Crisis of 1962...
- a) involved a tense stand-off between the US and the USSR.
  - b) began with an attempt by the Soviet Union to prevent a US nuclear strike against Cuba.
  - c) involved an attempt by the US and the USSR to persuade the Cuban government not to develop weapons of mass destruction.
  - d) involved an attempt by the US to assassinate Fidel Castro with a small nuclear missile disguised as a cigar.
14. Consider the following statement(s) about Indus Valley Civilisation:
- 1) The largest number of settlements are in Ghaggar-Hakra valley.
  - 2) The main crops of Indus valley civilization were wheat and rice.
  - 3) Rice husk has been found from Lothal and Rangpur.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 and 3                      b) 2 and 3  
c) 1, 2 and 3                d) 2 only
15. Which of the following did the Buddha not believe in?
- 1) The authority of the Vedas
  - 2) Superiority of the Brahmins
  - 3) The efficacy of sacrifices
  - 4) The theory of rebirth
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- a) 1, 2 and 3                b) 2, 3 and 4  
c) 1, 2 and 4                d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
16. Consider the following statements:
- 1) Brahmins were exempted from execution or death penalty in all the ancient Indian scriptures, texts and law books.
  - 2) Dayabhaga, a treatise on inheritance was written by Jimutavahana.
  - 3) The Arthashastra deals with crime and punishment and suggests many forms of execution.
- Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?
- a) 1 and 2  
b) 2 and 3  
c) 3 only  
d) 1, 2 and 3

17. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List I

List II

- |                          |               |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| A) Hemis Monastery       | 1) Sikkim     |
| B) Mindrolling Monastery | 2) Ladakh     |
| C) Tsuglagkhang Complex  | 3) Dehradun   |
| D) Rumtek Monastery      | 4) Dharamsala |

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) 4 1 2 3 | b) 2 3 4 1 |
| c) 4 3 2 1 | d) 2 1 4 3 |

18. Which one of the following statements is not correct?

- Bhadrabahu wrote Kalpasutras during the time of King Udayan of Magadha
- Mahavira attained Kaivalya jnana on the bank of the river Rijupalika
- Jainism became the state religion of Lichchavis
- Haribhadra was a Jain scholar who lived in the 9th century A.D.

19. Which of the following statements explain the aspects of Feudalism in Ancient India?

- The king granted lands to his officers in lieu of salaries.
- The work of cultivation was carried out by sudra peasants.
- Some of the powerful feudatories had their own sub-feudatories.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- |               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| a) 1, 2 and 3 | b) 1 and 2 |
| c) 2 and 3    | d) 1 and 3 |

20. The following Chinese travellers visited India:

- |                   |               |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 1) I'tsing        | 2) Fa-hien    |
| 3) Wang-Hieun Tse | 4) Huen Tsang |

The correct chronological order of their visit is:

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) 2, 4, 1, 3 | b) 4, 2, 3, 1 |
| c) 4, 2, 1, 3 | d) 2, 4, 3, 1 |

21. Consider the following statements:

- The concept of Anuvrata was advocated by Lokayukta philosophy.
- Earlier, women were not allowed into the fold of Buddhism, but later they were allowed.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?

- |                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| a) 1 only       | b) 2 only          |
| c) Both 1 and 2 | d) Neither 1 nor 2 |

22. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

List I (Authors)

List II (Books)

- |                     |                          |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| A) Sudraka          | 1) Duta Kavya            |
| B) Subandhu         | 2) Saundarananda         |
| C) Mahendravarman I | 3) Mrichchhakatika       |
| D) Asvaghosha       | 4) Charudatta            |
|                     | 5) Mattavilasa Prahasana |

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) 3 5 4 2 | b) 2 4 5 1 |
| c) 3 4 5 2 | d) 2 5 4 1 |

23. Which of the following is/are associated with the Megalithic culture of South India?

- Burials enriched by boulders of stone.
- Use of black and red ware.
- Introduction of punch-marked coins.
- Urban settlements.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) 1 only  | b) 1 and 2 |
| c) 2 and 3 | d) 4 only  |

24. Match List I (Harappan Settlement) with List - II (Banks of Rivers on Which Located) and select the correct answer using the code given below the List:

List I

List II

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| A) Alamgirpur  | 1) Indus   |
| B) Kalibangan  | 2) Ghaggar |
| C) Harappa     | 3) Hindon  |
| D) Mohenjodaro | 4) Ravi    |

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) 3 2 4 1 | b) 4 1 3 2 |
| c) 3 1 4 2 | d) 4 2 3 1 |

25. Which one of the following statements is not correct?

- The Upanishads were compiled earlier than the Puranas
- The Upanishads believe in the transmigration of Soul

- c) The Upanishads contain instructive stories and conversations  
d) There are no parables in the Upanishads
26. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- |                            |                       |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| List I (Event)             | List II (Presided by) |
| A) First Buddhist Council  | 1) Sabakami           |
| B) Second Buddhist Council | 2) Moggaliputta tissa |
| C) Third Buddhist Council  | 3) Mahakashyapa       |
| D) Fourth Buddhist Council | 4) Vasumitra          |
- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>A B C D</b>    | <b>A B C D</b>    |
| <b>a) 3 1 2 4</b> | <b>b) 3 1 4 2</b> |
| <b>c) 1 2 3 4</b> | <b>d) 2 4 3 1</b> |
27. Regarding Ajanta Painting, which one of the following statements is not correct?
- a) These caves are excavated in horse-shoe shaped bend of rock surface.  
b) The Paintings mostly depict the Jataka tales  
c) The paintings were made on the walls of the cave without pretreating with anything.  
d) The painting techniques at Ajanta are similar to European fresco technique.
28. Consider the following statements:
- 1) The sculptural tradition in Gandhara had the confluence of Bactria, Parthia and the local tradition.  
2) Images of Vaishnava and Shaiva faiths are also found at Mathura.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?
- a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
c) Both 1 and 2                              d) Neither 1 nor 2
29. Which two of the four kings listed below were on friendly terms equally with Vardhamana Mahavira and Gautama Buddha?
- 1) Bimbisara of Magadha  
2) Prasenjit of Kosala  
3) Pradyota of Avanti  
4) Ajatasatru of Magadha
- Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
- a) 1 and 3                                      b) 1 and 4  
c) 2 and 3                                      d) 3 and 4
30. Which of the following places are known for sun temples?
- 1) Mandasor                                      2) Mulasthana  
3) Konark                                      4) Modhera
- Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
- a) 1 and 3                                      b) 3 and 4  
c) 2, 3 and 4                                      d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
31. Which of the following characterized the Tamil society of Sangam Age?
- 1) Complex caste system  
2) Prohibition of intermarriage between the kings and velalas  
3) Vegetarianism among the Brahmans  
4) Gradual Aryanisation
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- a) 1 alone                                      b) 1 and 2  
c) 2 and 3                                      d) 4 alone
32. Match List I (Officers of the Mauryan Administration) with List-II (Duties) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:
- |                |                      |
|----------------|----------------------|
| List I         | List II              |
| A) Samaharta   | 1) Treasurer         |
| B) Sannidhata  | 2) Collector General |
| C) Karmantika  | 3) Chief Justice     |
| D) Vyavaharika | 4) Chief of Mines    |
- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>A B C D</b>    | <b>A B C D</b>    |
| <b>a) 4 1 2 3</b> | <b>b) 2 3 4 1</b> |
| <b>c) 4 3 2 1</b> | <b>d) 2 1 4 3</b> |
33. Which one of the following pairs does not match?
- a) Rajsekharā - Kavyamimamsa  
b) Uddyotana - Kuvalayamala  
c) Dandin - Kavya Darshan  
d) Bhasa - Ashtanga

34. Consider the following statements:  
 1) The tenth mandala of Rigveda is also known as Purusha Sukta.  
 2) Sulva Sutra is the earliest text which contains information on Geometry.  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?  
 a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
 c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
35. Annual Hundred Drums Wangala Festival is celebrated in:  
 a) Mizoram                                      b) Arunachal Pradesh  
 c) Manipur                                        d) Meghalaya
36. Which of the following is/are not depicted in the Rajput paintings?  
 1) The stories of Krishna  
 2) Ragas and Raginis  
 3) The deeds of Hamza  
 4) The deeds of Akbar  
 Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 1, 2 and 3                                    b) 2, 3 and 4  
 c) 3 and 4                                        d) 4 only
37. Consider the following statements:  
 1) Vikramashila University was one of the two most important centres of Buddhist learning in India, and it was founded by Dharmapala.  
 2) Gaudiya Vaishnavism was founded by Chaitanya in 16th Century A.D.  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?  
 a) 1 only                                        b) 2 only  
 c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
38. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the Lists:
- |                         |                   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| List-I                  | List-II           |
| A) Rock-cut Rathas      | 1) Ellora         |
| B) Kailasa Temple       | 2) Mahabalipuram  |
| C) Brihadeeswara Temple | 3) Nachna kuthara |
| D) Parvati Temple       | 4) Thanjavur      |
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| <b>A B C D</b> | <b>A B C D</b> |
| a) 1 2 4 3     | b) 1 4 2 3     |
| c) 2 4 3 1     | d) 2 1 4 3     |
39. Consider the following statements:  
 1) Humayun built a new city at Delhi, which he named Dinpanah.  
 2) The biography of Humayun, Humayun-nama, was written by his sister, Gulbadan Begum.  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?  
 a) 1 only                                        b) 2 only  
 c) Both 1 and 2                                d) Neither 1 nor 2
40. Match List-I (Saint-Poets) with List-II (Compositions) and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- |             |                       |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| List - I    | List - II             |
| A) Kabir    | 1) Vinaya Patrika     |
| B) Surdas   | 2) Bijak              |
| C) Eknath   | 3) Bhramar geet       |
| D) Tulsidas | 4) Bhavartha Ramayana |
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| <b>A B C D</b> | <b>A B C D</b> |
| a) 1 3 2 4     | b) 2 3 4 1     |
| c) 2 4 1 3     | d) 1 2 3 4     |
41. Consider the following statements:  
 1) Aurangzeb confronted a number of rebellions, including those by Jats, Sikhs and Rajputs.  
 2) Dara Shikoh was a devotee of Qadiri order of Sufis.  
 3) The Sikh Guru Arjun Dev was put to death by Shahjahan for giving blessings to Khusrau on his way to Lahore  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?  
 a) 1 and 3                                        b) 1 and 2  
 c) 1, 2 and 3                                    d) 2 only
42. Which one of the following statements is incorrect about Sufi philosophy.  
 a) To the Sufis the outstanding attribute of God is his effulgence.  
 b) The Sufis practised several yogic exercises as means to suppress lust.  
 c) As an aid to concentration, the Sufis favoured meditation than music.  
 d) The Sufis believed that it is only under the guidance of the Pir that spiritual progress is possible.

43. Match List-I with List-II, regarding chola's village Assemblies:
- |           |   |
|-----------|---|
| List - I  | List - II   |
| A) Ur.    | 1) Its membership was restricted to Brahmans of the village.            |
| B) Nagara | 2) A general assembly of the village consisting of taxpaying residents. |
| C) Sabha  | 3) It was found more commonly in trade centres such as cities & towns.  |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> |
| a) 1     | 2        | 3        | b) 3     | 1        | 2        |
| c) 2     | 1        | 3        | d) 3     | 2        | 1        |
44. Match List - I (Foreign Travellers) with List - II (Rulers) and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- |                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| List - I          | List - II               |
| A) Abdur Razaq    | 1) Akbar                |
| B) Ibn Batuta     | 2) Muhammad bin Tughlaq |
| C) Seydi Ali Reis | 3) Jahangir             |
| D) William Finch  | 4) Deva Raya II         |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 4     | 2        | 3        | 1        | b) 3     | 2        | 4        | 1        |
| c) 3     | 2        | 1        | 4        | d) 4     | 2        | 1        | 3        |
45. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?
- a) Second Battle of Panipat: Akbar vs. Ibrahim Lodi
- b) Battle of Haldighati: Akbar vs. Rana Udai Singh
- c) Battle of Dharmat: Aurangzeb vs. Dara shikoh
- d) Battle of Samugarh: Aurangzeb vs. Shah Shuja
46. Consider the following statements:
- 1) Guru Nanak was interested in all the major forms of contemporary religious beliefs and practices, whether "Hindu" or "Muslim".
- 2) Guru Nanak was soft on the Jain monks.
- 3) He considered ritual reading of scriptures as waste of time.
- 4) During the last fifteen years of his life, Guru Nanak settled at Kiratpur.
- Which of the above statements are incorrect?
- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 4
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 2 and 4
47. Match List-I (Sufi terminology) with List-II (Meaning) and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- |           |                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| List - I  | List - II                             |
| A) Futuh  | 1) Sufi musical gathering             |
| B) Sama   | 2) Conversations of Sufi saints       |
| C) Barkat | 3) Unasked for charity                |
| D) Malfuz | 4) Spiritual grace acquired by a Sufi |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 1     | 3        | 2        | 4        | b) 3     | 1        | 4        | 2        |
| c) 3     | 2        | 1        | 4        | d) 4     | 3        | 2        | 1        |
48. Which one of the following pairs are not correctly matched?
- a) Jaunpur : Atala Mosque
- b) Malwa : Jahaz Mahal
- c) Ajmer : Quwwat-ul-Islam
- d) Gulburga : Jama Masjid
49. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:
- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| List-I            | List-II             |
| A) Silver Tanka   | 1) Alauddin Khilji  |
| B) Diwan-e-Kohi   | 2) Firoz Tughlaq    |
| C) Dar-ul-Shafa   | 3) Iltutmish        |
| D) Shahan-e-Mandi | 4) Muhammad Tughlaq |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 4     | 3        | 2        | 1        | b) 3     | 4        | 1        | 2        |
| c) 3     | 4        | 2        | 1        | d) 4     | 3        | 1        | 2        |
50. Which one of the following is an example of Hindu architecture showing Islamic influence?
- a) Lotus Mahal, Vijayanagar
- b) Thousand pillared mandapa, Madurai
- c) The king's Audience Hall, Vijayanagar
- d) Pillared corridor, Rameshwaram

51. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- |              |  |                                      |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| List - I     |  | List - II                            |  |  |  |
| A) Zabt      |  | 1) Mughal system of land measurement |  |  |  |
| B) Deshmukh  |  | 2) Hereditary land right             |  |  |  |
| C) Vatan     |  | 3) Revenue officer                   |  |  |  |
| D) Ijaradari |  | 4) Revenue farming system            |  |  |  |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 1     | 2        | 3        | 4        | b) 1     | 3        | 2        | 4        |
| c) 2     | 1        | 4        | 3        | d) 2     | 4        | 3        | 1        |
52. Consider the following statements about the famous traveller Ibn Battuta:
- 1) He was a Moroccan traveler.
  - 2) He narrated his experiences while travelling the sub-continent in the fourteenth century in Kitab-ul-Hind.
  - 3) He was sent as the envoy of the Sultan of Delhi to China.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1, 2 and 3
  - b) 1 and 3
  - c) 3 only
  - d) 1 and 2
53. Which one of the following books was not illustrated with paintings in Akbar's court?
- a) Hamzanama
  - b) Razmnama
  - c) Baburnama
  - d) Tarikh-i-Alfi
54. Under the Mughals, the hundi was a system which
- 1) facilitated the movement of goods.
  - 2) permitted easy transaction of money from one part of the country to another.
  - 3) included insurance which was charged at different rates on the basis of the value of the goods, destination, means of transport etc.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 1 and 2
  - b) 1, 2 and 3
  - c) 2 and 3
  - d) 1 and 3
55. Amir Khusrau composed his Nuh sipihr in praise of
- a) Alauddin Khalji
  - b) India
  - c) Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti
  - d) Prophet of Islam
56. Match List - I (Literary works) with List - II (Authors) and select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- |                              |  |                      |  |           |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| List - I                     |  |                      |  | List - II |  |  |  |
| A) Adab ul Harb wa al Shujat |  | 1) Ata Malik Juwaini |  |           |  |  |  |
| B) Tabaqat-i- Nasiri         |  | 2) Ziauddin Barani   |  |           |  |  |  |
| C) Tarikh-i- Jahan Gusha     |  | 3) Minhaj Siraj      |  |           |  |  |  |
| D) Tarikh-I-Firuz Shahi      |  | 4) Fakhr-i- Mudabbir |  |           |  |  |  |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 3     | 4        | 2        | 1        | b) 4     | 3        | 1        | 2        |
| c) 4     | 2        | 1        | 3        | d) 2     | 1        | 4        | 3        |
57. Consider the following statements:
- 1) Shankar dev is also famous as Chaitanya of Assam.
  - 2) Tulsidas depicted Rama as the incarnaton of Vishnu.
  - 3) Nimbarkacharya published the Theory of Dwaith Advaitvad (Dualism - non dualism).
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- a) 2 only
  - b) 1 and 3
  - c) 1, 2 and 3
  - d) 1 and 2
58. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the Lists:
- |            |  |           |  |         |  |  |  |
|------------|--|-----------|--|---------|--|--|--|
| List I     |  |           |  | List II |  |  |  |
| A) Peshwa  |  | 1) Baroda |  |         |  |  |  |
| B) Bhonsle |  | 2) Indore |  |         |  |  |  |
| C) Gaikwad |  | 3) Poona  |  |         |  |  |  |
| D) Holkar  |  | 4) Nagpur |  |         |  |  |  |
- |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 1     | 2        | 3        | 4        | b) 4     | 1        | 2        | 3        |
| c) 3     | 4        | 2        | 1        | d) 3     | 4        | 2        | 1        |
59. Consider the following :
- 1) Use of natural dyes and pigments
  - 2) Three dimensional effect
  - 3) Depiction of themes like birth, marriage and festivals.
- Which of the above is correct with respect to Madhubani paintings?
- a) 1 and 2
  - b) 1 and 3
  - c) 2 and 3
  - d) 1, 2 and 3



60. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:
- |                                    |            |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| List - I                           | List - II  |
| A) Shaikh Moinuddin Chishti        | 1) Delhi   |
| B) Shaikh Bahauddin Zakariya       | 2) Ajodhan |
| C) Shaikh Farid-ud-din Ganj Shakar | 3) Multan  |
| D) Shaikh Nizamuddin Auliya        | 4) Ajmer   |
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| <b>A B C D</b> | <b>A B C D</b> |
| a) 3 4 2 1     | b) 3 2 4 2     |
| c) 4 3 2 1     | d) 4 2 3 2     |
61. Arrange the following in correct chronological order:
- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1) Chaitanya | 2) Eknath   |
| 3) Surdas    | 4) Tulsidas |
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) 2 1 3 4 | b) 1 2 3 4 |
| c) 1 2 4 3 | d) 1 3 2 4 |
62. Diwan-i-Khalsa was responsible to look after the
- Land under continuous cultivation
  - Revenue free land granted as rewards
  - Land under the direct control of the State
  - Fallow land
63. The Bhakti literature by the Nayanars and Alvars
- stressed the rigidities of traditional rituals.
  - opposed the practice of image worship.
  - preached personal devotion to God as a means of salvation.
  - advocated the austerities preached by the Buddhists and Jains.
64. Consider the following statements:
- Shaikh Hamiduddin Nagauri was a chishti saint.
  - The early chishtis disapproved miracles.
  - The Chistis Order originated in India.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- 1 and 3
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 and 2
  - 1, 2 and 3
65. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?
- Nizam-ud-din Ahmad: Tabaqat-i-Akbari
  - Abdul Qadir Badauni: Muntakhab- al-Tawarikh.
  - Khafi Khan: Muntakhab-al-Lubab
  - Abdur Rahim: Badshah Namah
66. Koodiyattam is an ancient temple art form of
- Tamil Nadu
  - Pondicherry
  - Kerala
  - Maharashtra
67. Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?
- |                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| (Mughal emperors)      | (Tombs at)       |
| 1) Babur               | : Kabul          |
| 2) Akbar               | : Fatehpur Sikri |
| 3) Jahangir            | : Lahore         |
| 4) Bahadur Shah Zafar: | Delhi            |
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 3 and 4
  - 1 and 3
68. Which of the following were reasons for the success of European trading companies in South India during the 17th Century?
- The presence of the Mughals in the south was not as much as in the north
  - The Vijaya Nagar kingdom had been overthrown in the late 16th Century
  - The south had many small and weak states
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- 1, 2 and 3
  - 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 only
69. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:
- |               |                    |
|---------------|--------------------|
| List-I        | List-II            |
| A) Hyderabad  | 1) Nizam-ul-Mulk   |
| B) Bengal     | 2) Alivardi Khan   |
| C) Avadh      | 3) Saadat Khan     |
| D) Travancore | 4) Martanda Varman |
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| <b>A B C D</b> | <b>A B C D</b> |
| a) 2 1 3 4     | b) 2 1 4 3     |
| c) 1 2 4 3     | d) 1 2 3 4     |

70. Which among the following statements with regard to Raja Rammohan Ray are correct?  
 1) He started the Atmiya Sabha  
 2) He wrote the Gift of Monotheist  
 3) He published the Precepts of Jesus  
 4) He founded the Brahmo Sabha  
 Select the correct answer using the codes given below:  
 a) 2, 3 and 4                      b) 1, 2 and 3  
 c) 1, 3 and 4                      d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
71. Match List - I (Peasant Movement) with List - II (Region) and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:
- | List-I              |          |          |          | List-II        |          |          |          |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| A) Moplah outbreak  |          |          |          | 1) Maharashtra |          |          |          |
| B) Ramosi rebellion |          |          |          | 2) Bengal      |          |          |          |
| C) Kuka revolt      |          |          |          | 3) Malabar     |          |          |          |
| D) Pabna revolt     |          |          |          | 4) Punjab      |          |          |          |
| <b>A</b>            | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b>       | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 3                | 1        | 4        | 2        | b) 3           | 4        | 1        | 2        |
| c) 2                | 4        | 1        | 3        | d) 2           | 1        | 4        | 3        |
72. Which one among the following is correct about the Doctrine of Lapse?  
 a) It did not allow the Indian rulers to adopt any heir  
 b) It did not allow an adopted heir to rule a state after the death of the ruler  
 c) It made the annexation of Indian state compulsory after the death of a ruler  
 d) It made the annexation of Indian state compulsory if the adoption of heir had not been approved by the British authorities
73. Which among the following statements are correct with regard to the Portuguese in India?  
 1) They had the monopoly over the Eastern trade in the 16th Century  
 2) They possessed Bombay in the beginning  
 3) They had trading settlements at Cochin, Diu and Daman  
 4) The Mughals denied them any trading concessions  
 Select the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 1, 2 and 3                      b) 2, 3 and 4
- c) 1, 2 and 4                      d) 1 and 3
74. Consider the following statements about the Indo-Saracenic architecture:  
 1) It combined the Indian with the European style of architecture in the beginning of the 20th century.  
 2) The Gateway of India in Mumbai is the most famous example of this style  
 3) There are many famous examples of this style in the colonial cities of Bombay (Mumbai) and Madras (Chennai).  
 4) It takes its imputation from ancient Greece.  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?  
 a) 1, 2 and 3                      b) 2 and 3  
 c) 1 and 2                          d) 4 only
75. Which of the following statements about the Fourth Anglo-Mysore War are correct?  
 1) The Madras Council suggested a policy of rigorous and intense attack on Mysore.  
 2) Lord Wellesley tried to revive the Triple Alliance.  
 3) Tipu sent emissaries to Arabia, Versailles, Mauritius and Kabul enlisting support against the English.  
 4) The War was of a very short duration, though decisive.  
 Select the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 2, 3 and 4                      b) 1, 3 and 4  
 c) 2 and 4                          d) 1 and 3
76. Consider the following:  
 1) Zaranj-Delaram Highway  
 2) Salma Dam  
 3) Pul-e-Khumri Power Transmission Line  
 The above developmental/infrastructure projects were funded by India for  
 a) Afghanistan                      b) Maldives  
 c) Bangladesh                      d) Tajikistan
77. Chipco movement is a public agitation that occurred in  
 a) Mansbal area in Kashmir  
 b) Silent valley in Kerala  
 c) Sundarban area in Bengal

- d) Tehri Garhwal area of Uttarakhand
78. Prior to 1813, which among the following measures was not adopted by the British to exploit the Indians economically?
- Monopolizing the trade of raw goods wherever possible and selling them at high rates
  - Forcing Indian craftsmen to produce quality products in fixed quantity and at fixed price
  - Free trade policy
  - Elimination of Indian traders from competition by every means
79. Consider the following statements:
- Santhals were from Rajmahal Hills.
  - Santhals rose up under Sido and Kanu.
  - A separate district of Santhal Paraganas was created by the government.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
80. Consider the following statements with reference to Wood's Despatch:
- Institution of a regular system of scholarship to enable meritorious students to pursue the higher courses of study.
  - Helping the educational institutions founded by private efforts to obtain grants from government funds.
  - Provision of moral and religious education as an important component of curriculum.
- Which of the above statements are correct ?
- 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 and 3
  - 1, 2 and 3
81. Which of the following are associated with Ranjit Singh?
- Sukerchakia misl and the capture of Lahore
  - Battle of Ambala and the defeat of Lord Lake
  - Signing Subsidiary Alliance with East India company
  - Employing Faqir Azizuddin and Dinanath
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1 and 4
  - 3 and 4
82. Which British Military Officer defeated Tipu Sultan in India, Napoleon Bonaparte in Europe and eventually became the Duke of Wellington?
- Arthur Wellesley
  - Robert Clive
  - Warren Hastings
  - Richard Wellesley
83. Consider the following statements with reference to British rule in India:
- In 1780, the manufacture of salt was directly taken up by the Government.
  - In 1786, the Collector in each District of Bengal was made responsible for settling the revenue and collecting it
  - In 1790, the Decennial Settlement of land revenue was declared permanent.
- Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
- 1 only
  - 1 and 2
  - 2 and 3
  - 1, 2 and 3
84. Consider the following pairs:
- R.C. Majumdar : The sepoy mutiny and the revolt of 1857
  - S.N Sen : 1857(Eighteen fifty seven)
  - V.D. Savarkar : Indian war of Independence
- Which of the above pair(s) is/are correct?
- 1 only
  - 1 and 3
  - 1, 2 and 3
  - 2 and 3
85. Match List-I (Name of the fort) with List-II (Its location) and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:
- | List-I             | List-II        |
|--------------------|----------------|
| A) Fort St. David  | 1) Pondicherry |
| B) Fort William    | 2) Cuddalore   |
| C) Fort St. George | 3) Bengal      |
| D) Fort Louis      | 4) Madras      |
|                    | 5) Bombay      |
- |    | A | B | C | D |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| a) | 5 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| b) | 5 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| c) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| d) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |

86. What is the correct chronological sequence of the following?  
 1) Prohibition of sati  
 2) Education Resolution  
 3) First University Act  
 4) India High Court Act  
 Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 1, 3, 2, 4                      b) 1, 4, 3, 2  
 c) 4, 1, 2, 3                      d) 1, 4, 2, 3
87. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the Lists:
- | List-I            |          |          |          | List-II    |          |          |          |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| A) John Nicholson |          |          |          | 1) Lucknow |          |          |          |
| B) Colin Campbell |          |          |          | 2) Jhansi  |          |          |          |
| C) Havelock       |          |          |          | 3) Delhi   |          |          |          |
| D) Hugh Rose      |          |          |          | 4) Kanpur  |          |          |          |
| <b>A</b>          | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>A</b>   | <b>B</b> | <b>C</b> | <b>D</b> |
| a) 3              | 4        | 1        | 2        | b) 1       | 2        | 3        | 4        |
| c) 3              | 2        | 1        | 4        | d) 1       | 4        | 3        | 2        |
88. Which one among the following statements regarding prohibition of Sati in India is correct?  
 a) Raja Rammohan Roy wanted an expeditious and urgent abolition of Sati and therefore advised Bentinck to take emergency legislative measures  
 b) The Sati was made illegal in 1829 but was not made punishable by the courts until 1840  
 c) The persons associated in any way with Sati were to be regarded as criminals  
 d) At the time of his appointment as Governor-General, Bentinck was instructed by the Home Authorities to consider definite measures for the immediate or gradual abolition of Sati
89. Which of the following statements regarding the British administration in India is/are correct?  
 1) The Policy of Ring Fence referred to the setting up of a ring of buffer States.  
 2) The Subsidiary Alliance Policy was nothing but the diplomatic tactics of the British to extend the British supremacy in India.  
 Select the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only
90. The riverbank between the Tungabhadra reservoir and Kampli has been identified as 'Protected area' for Otters. Which of the following are true about Otters?  
 1) Otters are listed as endangered in the IUCN Red list of threatened species in India.  
 2) Otters are hunted for their fur.  
 a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
 c) Both 1 and 2                          d) Neither 1 nor 2
91. The 'Dual Government' recommended by Lord Clive provided that the  
 a) Criminal justice would be left to the Nawab officials, while civil and fiscal matters would be controlled by the Company  
 b) Company will look after fiscal matters and all the rest would be dealt by the Indian rulers  
 c) Indian rulers will deal with all the matters of administration under the supervision of a Company official  
 d) Indian rulers will be only titular heads and all the powers shall be directly dealt by the Company
92. Which of the following statements regarding Permanent Settlement is/are correct?  
 1) The Permanent Settlement was introduced in parts of the Madras and Bombay Presidencies.  
 2) The Permanent Settlement created a new class of landlords with hereditary rights on land.  
 3) The landlords created by the Permanent Settlement could never be removed under any circumstance.  
 Select the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
 c) 2 and 3                                  d) 1, 2 and 3
93. Which one among the following statements is correct?  
 a) The Revolt of 1857 was not supported by the Nizam of Hyderabad  
 b) Dinabandhu Mitra was the author of the book, Unhappy India  
 c) The Sindhias of Gwalior gave shelter to the Rani of Jhansi

- d) Mangal Pandey led the Sepoys March to Delhi
94. Consider the following statements:  
 1) The dastaks for the private trade of the East India Company's servants were finally abolished by Lord Wellesley.  
 2) Lord Wellesley transferred Sadar Nizamat Adalat from Murshidabad to Calcutta and brought it under Governor-General and his Council.  
 Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?  
 a) 1 only                                      b) 2 only  
 c) Both 1 and 2                              d) Neither 1 nor 2
95. After the death of Raja Rammohan Roy, the Brahmo Samaj split into two sections; the Brahmo Samaj of India and the Adi Brahmo Samaj. Who were the leaders of the two sections respectively?  
 a) Keshab Chandra Sen and Debendranath Tagore  
 b) Radhakanta Deb and Debendranath Tagore  
 c) Keshab Chandra Sen and Radhakanta Deb  
 d) Debendranath Tagore and Radhakanta Deb
96. The Jains believe that Jainism is the outcome of the teachings of twenty four Tirthankaras. In the light of this statement which one among the following is correct of Vardhamana Mahavira?  
 a) He was the first Tirthankara and the founder of Jainism  
 b) He was the twenty third Tirthankara, the first twenty two Tirthankaras being considered legendary  
 c) He was the last and twenty fourth Tirthankara, who was not considered as the founder of the new faith but as a reformer of the existing religious sect  
 d) He was not one of the twenty four Tirthankaras
97. Identify the correct sequence of the following events of Indian history (starting with the earliest):  
 1) The Doctrine of Lapse  
 2) The Subsidiary Alliance  
 3) The Treaty of Lahore
- 4) The Pitt's India Act  
 Select the correct answer from the codes given below:  
 a) 4-2-3-1                                      b) 1-2-3-4  
 c) 2-1-4-3                                      d) 3-2-1-4
98. With reference to First Carnatic war, consider the following statements:  
 1) It began in 1746 and ended in 1748.  
 2) Anwar-ud-din, the nawab of the Carnatic, intervened in the war on behalf of the English.  
 3) Chanda Saheb was captured and executed.  
 4) Madras was restored to the English by the French after the war.  
 Which of the above statements are correct?  
 a) 1, 2 and 3                                      b) 2, 3 and 4  
 c) 1, 2 and 4                                      d) 1, 3 and 4
99. Who among the following introduced a scheme of administration which centered around a class of officials called commissioners, each of whom was placed in charge of a division comprising several districts  
 a) Lord William Bentinck  
 b) Lord Wellesley  
 c) Lord Warren Hastings  
 d) Lord Cornwallis
100. Consider the following  
 1) Annexation of Udaipur  
 2) Annexation of Jhansi  
 3) Annexation of Punjab  
 4) Annexation of Oudh  
 The correct chronological sequence of these events is.  
 a) 3, 4, 2, 1                                      b) 2, 1, 3, 4  
 c) 2, 4, 3, 1                                      d) 3, 1, 2, 4